Print Test

1. A person suffering from a loss may avoid anyone or anything associated with the deceased, including friends, family, and previously shared activities

   True
   False

2. Grief impacts each person differently and prolonged grieving is not unusual.

   True
   False

3. Sometimes death occurs when there are important issues that remain unresolved, for instance, a son or daughter who has not spoken to their parent for many years following a disagreement, or a spouse who dies during a time of crisis in the marriage. In suc

   True
   False

4. Strong emotional response when losses or causes of grief are discussed, is a behavioral definition.

   True
   False

5. Avoidance of talking about the loss other than discussing at no more than a superficial level, is a behavioral definition.

   True
   False

6. Unable to complete the process of letting go of the lost significant other, is a behavioral definition.

   True
7. Strong emotional response when losses or causes of grief are discussed, is a behavioral definition.

   True
   False

8. Begin and complete the process of letting go of the lost significant other is a long term goal.

   True
   False

9. Increase understanding of how the avoidance of grieving has affected life and the healing process, is a long term goal.

   True
   False

10. Express an increased understanding of the steps in the grief process, is a short term goal.

    True
    False

11. Discuss in detail the story of the current loss that is triggering symptoms, is a short term goal.

    True
    False

12. Provide with a video on the grief and loss process to compare personal experience with that of those in the films, is a short term goal.

    True
    False

13. Encourage attendance to a grief support group, is a short term goal.

    True
    False

14. Agree to treatment that focuses on substance abuse that has provided a false escape from the pain of grief, is a short term goal.

    True
    False
15. Identify and list causes for feelings of regret associated with the deceased, is a short term goal.

True
False

16. Help increase the ability to identify and list and express thoughts and feelings, is an intervention.

True
False

17. Encourage parents to read, or provide information, about a parent's loss of a child. is an intervention.

True
False

18. Teach the stages of the grieving process and answer questions, is an intervention.

True
False

19. Assist patient in Identify and listing and expressing feelings connected with the loss, is an intervention.

True
False

20. Evaluate the role of substance abuse as an escape from the pain of grief, is an intervention.

True
False

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